

according to Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 as amended

# **EXAMPLE Dangerous mixture**

Creation date 21st October 2025 Version 1.0

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier EXAMPLE Dangerous mixture

Substance / mixture mixture

UFI G410-D0GG-S00J-EM6Y

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Mixture's intended use

Cleaning agent.

## Mixture uses advised against

The product should not be used in ways other than those referred in Section 1.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer

Name or trade name Trial ltd.

Address Trial 123, Trial Test 8, 180 00

Czech Republic

Identification number (CRN)12345678VAT numberCZ12345678Phone+420 725 582 495Emailsupport@sblcore.comWeb addresswww.sblcore.com

#### Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet

Name Trial ltd.

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

National poisoning information centre, Beaumont Hospital, PO Box 1297, Beaumont Road Dublin 9, tel: healthcare professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566 (24 hour service), members of public: +353 (01) 809 2166 (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week).

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification of the mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The mixture is classified as dangerous.

Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

## Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 2.2. Label elements

## **Hazard pictogram**



Signal word

Danger





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**Hazard statements** 

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a doctor.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. Mixture does not contain any substance meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended. Does not contain any PMT or vPvM components.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture contains these hazardous substances and substances with the highest permissible concentration in the working environment

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note
Index: 017-011-00-1 CAS: 7681-52-9 EC: 231-668-3 Registration number: 01-2119488154-34- XXXX	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	0-<2	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) EUH031 Specific concentration limit: EUH031: C≥ 5 %	1
Index: 011-002-00-6 CAS: 1310-73-2 EC: 215-185-5	caustic soda	0-1	Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Specific concentration limit: Skin Corr. 1B, H314: $2\% \le C < 5\%$ Skin Corr. 1A, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.5\% \le C < 2\%$	2
Index: 604-070-00-9 CAS: 3380-34-5 EC: 222-182-2	triclosan	<0.5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	





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#### **Notes**

- 1 Note B: Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different classification and labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In Part 3 entries with Note B have a general designation of the following type: 'nitric acid ... %'. In this case the supplier must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the percentage concentration is calculated on a weight/weight basis.
- 2 A substance for which exposure limits are set.

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet. If unconscious, put the person in the stabilized (recovery) position on his side with his head slightly bent backwards and make sure that airways are free; never induce vomiting. If the person vomits by himself, make sure that the vomit is not inhaled. In life threatening conditions first of all provide resuscitation of the affected person and ensure medical assistance. Respiratory arrest - provide artificial respiration immediately. Cardiac arrest - provide indirect cardiac massage immediately.

#### If inhaled

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Take care of your own safety, do not let the affected person walk! Beware of the contaminated clothes. Depending on the situation, call the medical rescue service and ensure medical treatment considering the frequent need of further observation for at least 24 hours.

#### If on skin

Remove contaminated clothes. Take off any rings, watches, bracelets before or during washing if worn in the contaminated areas of the skin. Rinse contaminated areas with a flow of water, lukewarm at best, for 10-30 minutes; do not use any brush, soap or neutralizers. Depending on the situation, call the medical rescue service and always ensure medical treatment.

## If in eyes

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. No neutralization should be performed in any case! Rinsing should be continued for 10-30 minutes from the inner to the outer eye corner to make sure that the other eye is not involved. Depending on the situation, call medical rescue service or ensure medical treatment as promptly as possible. Everyone must be referred for treatment even if affected only a little.

#### If swallowed

RINSE THE MOUTH WITH WATER IMMEDIATELY AND LET THE PERSON DRINK 0.2-0.5 l of cold water to reduce the heating effect of the corrosive substance. Consuming larger amounts of liquid is not advisable as it may induce vomiting and potential inhaling of the corrosive substances in the lungs. The affected person must not be forced to drink, particularly if already feeling pain in the mouth or throat. In this case let the affected person only rinse the mouth with water. DO NOT PROVIDE ACTIVATED CARBON! Depending on the situation, call medical rescue service or ensure medical treatment as promptly as possible.





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## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### If inhaled

Inhaling vapours can cause corrosion of the breathing system.

#### If on skin

Causes severe skin burns.

#### If in eyes

Causes serious eye damage.

## If swallowed

Corrosion of the digestion system can occur.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist.

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water - full jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Do not allow runoff of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment for work. Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8. Do not inhale mist/vapours/spray. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water. Do not allow to enter drains.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product should be covered with suitable (non-flammable) absorbing material (sand, diatomaceous earth, earth and other suitable absorption materials); to be contained in well closed containers and removed as per the Section 13. In the event of leakage of the substantial amount of the product, inform fire brigade and other competent bodies. After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.





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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Prevent formation of gases and vapours in concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits. Do not inhale mist/vapours/spray. Prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands and exposed parts of the body thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection. Avoid release to the environment.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in cold, dry and well ventilated areas designated for this purpose. Store locked up.

Content	Packaging type	Material of package
300 ml	bottle	HDPE
5 l	jerry can	HDPE

Storage class

8B - Non-combustible corrosive substances

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

not available

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

The mixture contains substances for which occupational exposure limits are set.

#### Ireland

# 2024 Chemical Agents and Carcinogens, Mutagens and Reprotoxic Substances Code of Practice

Substance name (component)	Туре	Value
caustic soda (CAS: 1310-73-2)	OELV 15 minutes	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

# **DNEL**

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE						
Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect			
Workers	Inhalation	1.55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Chronic effects systemic			
Workers	Inhalation	3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Acute effects systemic			
Workers	Inhalation	1.55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Chronic effects local			
Workers	Inhalation	3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Acute effects systemic			
Consumers	Inhalation	1.55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Chronic effects systemic			
Consumers	Inhalation	3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Acute effects systemic			
Consumers	Inhalation	1.55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Acute effects systemic			
Consumers	Inhalation	3.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Acute effects local			
Consumers	Oral	0.26 mg/kg bw/day	Chronic effects systemic			

#### **PNEC**

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE				
Route of exposure	Value			
Drinking water	0.21 μg/l			





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SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE				
Route of exposure	Value			
Water (intermittent release)	0.26 μg/l			
Marine water	0.042 μg/l			
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	4.69 mg/l			
Secondary poisoning	11.1 mg/kg of food			

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Follow the usual measures intended for health protection at work and especially for good ventilation. This can be achieved only by local suction or efficient general ventilation. Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

## Eye/face protection





Protective goggles or face shield (based on the nature of the work performed).

## Skin protection





Hand protection: Protective gloves resistant to the product. When choosing appropriate thickness, material and permeability of the gloves, observe recommendations of their particular manufacturer. When selecting gloves, consider the properties of the product and the duration of exposure. Replace gloves at the first signs of wear or damage. Other protection: protective workwear. Contaminated skin should be washed thoroughly.

Glove material	Thickness	Breakthrough time	Class	Exposure time
Nitrile (NBR)	≥ 0.3 mm	>30 min	2	Short-term
Nitrile (NBR)	≥ 0.7 mm	>480 min	6	Repeated, Long-term

## **Respiratory protection**



Mask with a filter in a poorly ventilated environment.

# Thermal hazard

Not available.

## **Environmental exposure controls**

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2. Collect spillage.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid





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Colour data not available

Odour citrus Melting point/freezing point  $0 \, ^{\circ}$ C Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range  $\sim 100 \, ^{\circ}$ C

Flammability data not available
Lower and upper explosion limit data not available
Flash point data not available
Auto-ignition temperature data not available
Decomposition temperature data not available

pH >13 (100% solution at 20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity data not available

Solubility in water miscible

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) data not available Vapour pressure data not available

Density and/or relative density

Density 1.07 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Relative vapour density data not available
Particle characteristics data not available

Form liquid

#### 9.2. Other information

not available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

not available

# 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Unknown.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazardous substances in concentrations exceeding exposure limits may cause acute inhalation poisoning, depending on the concentration and duration of exposure. No toxicological data is available for the mixture.





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#### **Acute toxicity**

Data for the mixture are not available. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

SODIUM HYPO	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE						
Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Sex	
Oral	LD <sub>50</sub>	OECD 401	1100 mg/kg bw		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)		
Inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub>	OECD 403	10500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> of air	4 hours	Rat (Rattus norvegicus)		
Dermal	LD <sub>50</sub>		20000 mg/kg bw		Rabbit		

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Data for the components of the mixture are not available.

## Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Data for the components of the mixture are not available.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

## Carcinogenicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

## Reproductive toxicity

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

#### Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

#### Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.

## **Aspiration hazard**

No data are available for either the mixture or the components. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met.





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## 11.2. Information on other hazards

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any components that may cause endocrine disruption for humans.

## Other information

not available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Acute toxicity**

SODIUM HYPO	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE						
Parameter	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environment			
LC <sub>50</sub>	0.032 mg/l	96 hours	Fish (Oncorhynchus kisutch)				
EC <sub>50</sub>	141 µg/l	48 hours	Invertebrates (Daphnia magna)				
EC <sub>50</sub>	0.05 mg/l	72 hours	Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)				

triclosan					
Parameter	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environment	
LC <sub>50</sub>	0.54 mg/l	96 hours	Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		

# **Chronic toxicity**

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE							
Parameter	Value	Exposure time	Species	Environmen t	Value determination		
NOEC	0.04 mg/l	28 days	Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		Calculation of value		

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Data for the mixture are not available.

## **Biodegradability**

triclosan				
Parameter	Value	Exposure time	Environment	Result
	78.2-78-6	104 days		Easily biodegradable

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Data for the mixture are not available.





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SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE		
Parameter	Value	Value determination
Log Kow	-3.42	Calculation of value

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any PMT or vPvM components.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any PBT or vPvB components.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the criteria for classification of the mixture are not met. Does not contain any components that may cause endocrine disruption in the environment.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers may be used at waste incinerators to produce energy or deposited in a dump with appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recyclin

## Waste management legislation

Waste Management (Amendment) Act, No. 36/2001. European Union (Packaging) Regulations 2014 (S.I. No. 282 of 2014). Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste, as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

#### Waste type code

20 01 29\* detergents containing hazardous substances

## Packaging waste type code

15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

(\*) - Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC on hazardous waste

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 3266

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (sodium hypochlorite)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

8 Corrosive substances

## 14.4. Packing group

ī

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

not relevant





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#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not relevant

#### Additional information

Hazard identification No. 88
UN number 3266
Classification code C5

Safety signs 8+hazardous for the environment



Tunnel restriction code (E)

Air transport - ICAO/IATA

Packaging instructions passenger 850
Cargo packaging instructions 854

**Marine transport - IMDG** 

EmS (emergency plan) F-A, S-B MFAG 760

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) (Amendment) Regulations 2021. Health act, 1947. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out (mixture).

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## A list of standard risk phrases used in the safety data sheet

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.





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H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Guidelines for safe handling used in the safety data sheet

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a doctor.

#### Other important information about human health protection

The product must not be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than as per the Section 1. The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.

#### Key to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

Aquatic Acute Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Aquatic Chronic Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

BCF Bioconcentration Factor
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of

substance and mixtures

EC Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS

EC<sub>50</sub> Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50 % of the population EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EmS Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods

EU European Union

EuPCS European Product Categorisation System

Eye Dam. Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code For The Construction And Equipment of Ships Carrying

Dangerous Chemicals

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO International Maritime Organization

INCI International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients
ISO International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

 $LC_{50}$  Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50%

of the population

 $LD_{50}$  Lethal dose of a substance in which it can be expected death of 50% of the

population

log KowOctanol-water partition coefficientNOECNo observed effect concentrationOELOccupational Exposure Limits

PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

PMT Persistent, mobile and toxic





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ppm Parts per million

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

Skin Corr. Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

UN number Four-figure identification number of the substance or article taken from the UN

Model Regulations

UVCB Substances of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or

biological materials

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

vPvM Very persistent and very mobile

#### Training guidelines

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

## **Recommended restrictions of use**

not available

## Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

#### More information

Classification procedure - calculation method.

#### Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.

